

## THE ROLE OF UZBEKISTAN IN THE WORLD ECONOMY AND INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

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**Abstract:** *This article is about Uzbekistan after independence, mainly in the 21st century. It was written on the topic of the role of the country in the world economy and international relations. In the article, the contribution of the Republic of Uzbekistan to the world economy, import and export its share and role in international relations will be mentioned.*

**Key words:** *World economy, import, export, national economy, international relations, embassies, foreign trade*

### INTRODUCTION

With the development of political and state independence in Uzbekistan, its market the national economy based on relations began to form more and more. National economy is historically formed on the territory of a certain state, with mutual goals and division of labor is the sum of the related industries. National as a single system special relations of the economy, management system, general economy demand for independent statehood with infrastructure and independent legislation does.

Like every major country, Uzbekistan also contributes to the world economy adding. Contributing to the world economy means only export products not selling, but receiving imported products. Of course of the country so that the volume of export in the country exceeds the volume of import benefits the economy. But on the other hand, the country is domestic. Too much export of products to the foreign market is negative for the domestic market of the country can also affect. Therefore, in the economy of many countries, sometimes imports the volume is more than the volume of export, and sometimes the opposite phenomenon is observed. External trade refers to the total sum of import and export volumes. If we pay attention to the numbers, as of January-June 2022 We observe that the volume of import in Uzbekistan has increased significantly compared to the volume of export. This during the period, the foreign trade turnover of Uzbekistan was equal to \$28.1 billion. This the indicator increased by \$6.3 billion compared to the same period last year.

As part of foreign trade turnover, exports amounted to \$11.3 billion. In this:

☐ Products - \$9.3 billion.

☐ Services - \$2 billion. is equal to

As mentioned above, during this period, import is more significant than export, it is \$16.8 billion. spent. In this:

☐☐ Products - \$15.4 billion.

☐☐ Services - \$1.4 billion.

was observed to be equal to

Uzbekistan is gradually increasing its share in the world economy. Uzbekistan now, like developed countries, exports huge products online is also starting through trade. Introduced on Alibaba by entrepreneurs of Uzbekistan \$67 million worth of products were exported in September. Now, for export by the end of the year it is planned to increase the number of directed goods positions to 300. As a result Uzbekistan has its place in the world economy and has national knowledge in the commercial sector became the third CIS country after Russia and Kazakhstan. Due to the location of Uzbekistan and the fact that it is an agrarian country, it is mainly export products are agricultural products. Uzbekistan is also on the online platform as main export industries:

☐☐ Textiles

☐☐ Agriculture

☐☐ Food industries are under consideration.

Currently, the export promotion agency has registered its products 4.6 in total to 70 local exporting enterprises billion financial assistance in the amount of soums.

Current events have a significant impact on the economy of Uzbekistan this year showing. In particular, Asian Development Bank (ADB) Russian investments and money the forecast of the growth of the economy of Uzbekistan in 2022 due to the reduction of transfers decreased in April. The growth of the gross domestic product (GDP) of Uzbekistan in 2022 4 percent, which is much lower than in 2021(7.4%). However, GDP in 2023 the level is expected to rise to 4.5 percent.

International relations are a system of real relations between states, the world

It is manifested as a result of the region, specific environment and their actions in politics. Uzbekistan's contribution to the world economy with the volume of export and import can be determined. But by studying these indicators in more detail, it is international we can also see the role of Uzbekistan in relations. There are several Uzbekistans exchange of export and import products with major countries has already started put How well international relations are established around the world not only foreign trade, but also international relations are the example of the most complicated period we will see. 2020 is the year when the quarantine is imposed all over the world in Uzbekistan foreign trade turnover is \$36.3 billion. organized . Of course, this indicator is for 2019 it decreased by 13.1%, but it is still a good indicator for this period possible The contribution of the main partner countries is as follows:

1. People's Republic of China -17.7%

2. Russian Federation - 15.5%

3. Kazakhstan - 8.3%

4. Republic of Korea - 5.9%
5. Republic of Turkey - 5.8%
6. Kyrgyzstan -2.5%
7. Germany – 2.3%

If we approach international relations from another angle, in our capital there are foreign state embassies have been established, most of them are CIS countries or These are the countries that have been able to establish foreign trade relations with Uzbekistan very well. Currently, Uzbekistan is diplomatic with 136 countries established relations and to establish relations with 12 more countries in the future planned. In fact, in 1995, the Faculty of "International Relations" started working in Uzbekistan and the main task of the faculty is the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Uzbekistan, as well as other contacts of our country with foreign countries institutions, offices and organizations, embassies in foreign countries and international is to supply highly qualified personnel for organizations.

Uzbekistan is also a member of various international organizations. In particular, 21, 1991. In December, Uzbekistan joined the ranks of the CIS countries. The next year was Uzbekistan in 1992. It became a member of the UN organization on March 2. Shanghai Cooperation Organization countries

Uzbekistan joined the ranks in 2001. Also the following is an example we can quote:

- ☐ World Trade Organization (December 21, 1991)
- ☐ ECOSAN (September 20, 1993)
- ☐ Asian Parliamentary Assembly (2006)
- ☐ Interpol (1994)
- ☐ Magate (January 21, 1994)
- ☐ UNESCO (October 26, 1993)
- ☐ UNIDO (1992)
- ☐ OPEC (November 30, 2017) (as an observer)

Uzbekistan is a member of more than 50 prestigious international organizations is a legal member.

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