EDUCATION SYSTEMS IN THE US AND SOUTH KOREA

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Anatatsiya: Ushbu maqola bugungi kunda hammaning e'tibor markazidagi davlatlar Amerika Qo'shma Shtatlari va Janubiy Koreyaning ta'lim tizimi haqida.

Kalit so'zlar: Ta'lim tizimi, ta'lim tizimidagi farqlar,qulay dars jadvallari.

Аннотация: эта статья о системе образования стран, находящихся сегодня в центре внимания, США и Южной Кореи.

Key words: Educational system, differences in education system, comfortable schedules.

Abstract: this article is about the education system of the countries in the spotlight today, the USA and South Korea.

Currently one of the most common and interesting topic is that different education systems in different countries. And I just want to make you sure about the differences between the US and South Korea . As you considered these countries , their education systems are really good for native and international students . Well , first is that American education system . So we are going to talk about schools , and universities in the US , so what happens as many people come to the United States to provide a better future for their families but they do not always know much about how the educational system will work . That's why this article gives you information about education from the elementary to middle to high schools and universities .

And also I should mention is that only to be used for your educational purposes. Now we get started , so in many coutries parents choose where their child goes to school and more control over the education. Children will get in elementary school to middle shool even high school . In the US , parents do not necessarily get choose their child's schooling , so their child's school is assigned depending where they live , they get power only choose where they live , in order to choose what school you are going to attend to . So you choose your school by choosing where you decide to live.

Another thing you will have to choose which visa your child will be entering the US with and whether it is an immigrant visa or non-immigrant visa. The type of visa may impact path that your child can do while they are transitioning to from high school to the university system. For example whether they can attend a university or grants this will absolutely depend on the visa your child has. So that the visa your child has will impact the options that they have to continue their education when they are growing up from a child to a young adult. That is

the super important to consider your visa a plan accordingly before entering the education system . So what does the educational system even look like? First there is elementary school which are grades one through five and there are three years of middle school which is grades 6,7,8 and then there are four years of high school which are grades of 9, 10,11 and 12. If a child does not have enough school credit to complete and pass a grade level that is not obligated to necessarily repeat the year but instead they are given an opportunity to take summer classes, to continue on the next grade in the school starts back again . So the school is not particulary interested in how well the student's perform in school .

The schools are more interested in just having the student graduate high school, so they just want the child to pass every grade. they do not care if you pass with an A, or if you pass with a B or if you pass with a C. As long as you pass that's what the school is going to be responsible for. How much considering talking about the elementary school but once they get in to middle school and even high school there are going to be differences in the classes that each student can take. There are student who choose to take more technical classes, because they intend to enter the workforce right after they graduate high school l.

Then there are the basic general classes that are for students who do plan to attend college after high school and then there are the advanced placement classes also known as AP classes for students who can start obtaining credits for collage-level classes, so that when they apply for universities they are well prepared to get accepted into those particular schools. Speaking of universities how does a student prepare to apply to study at an American university. It's not just about the grades that a student earned in school. Yes to be competitive to enter in to a good university they must have good grades but universities also want see other qualities in the student like where they involved in the community did they have any lidership positions or were they recognized for any awards or achievments were they involved in any activities after after school like clubs or sport teams or art.

What do they do outside of the school that would help them build character Applying for being accepted to a university is similar to applying for job to show that you are the best candidate to be accepted. So you do not want to just rely on grades but you also want to apply any kind of sports, clubs, art or achievments or awards or leadership positions. That's going to help you. Look like the best candidate to be accepted in American university. Now it's time to talk about my favourite educational system which is South Korean education system. This system is really comfortable for students. And also while studying at university or college students can work on their leisure time. Study in South Korea is not as much expensive as other foreign countries. The South Korean public education structure is devided into 3 parts.

They are 6 years of primary school followed 3 years of middle school and then 3 years of high school. In 1996 only about 5 percent of South Korea's high schools were coeducational. The proportion of coeducational schools have increased by almost 10%. However classes in many coeducational high schools are still devided along gender lines. The curriculum is standardised so now both boys and girls study technology and domestic science. The primary curriculum consists of nine principal subjects: moral education, Korean language, social studies, mathematics, science, physical education, music, fine arts and practical arts. English language instruction now begins in the third grade, so that children can start learning English in a relaxed atmosphere through conversational exchange, rather than through rote learning of grammatical rules as is still the practice in many middle and high schools. High schools are devided into academic and vocational schools. In 1995, some 62 percent of students were enrolled in academic high schools and 38 % in vocational high schools. A small number attended specialized high schools concentrating in science, the arts, foreign languages and other specialized fields this is still the case.

The aim of the education at the high school levels are stated as to foster each student's personality and ability needed to preserve strengthen the backbone of the nation; to develop student's knowledge and skills to prepare them for jobs needed in society; to promote each student's autonomy, emotional development, and critical thinking abilities to be brought to bear in and out of shoool; and to improve physical strength and faster a sound mind. The school calendar has two semester, the first extending from March to July and the second from September through February. There are summer and winter breaks, but 10 optional half days. A typical day finds high schoolers studying before school begins at about 8:00 A.M. classes run for 50 minutes each, with a morning break and a 50 minutes lunch period. The afternoon session resumes at about 1:00 P.M. and classes continue until about 4:00 or 4:30 P.M. followed by cleaning of the classroom. Students may then take a short dinner break at home or they may eat at school. Teachers typically move from room to room, while students stay in one place. Students return to the schools or tutoring sessions until between 10:00 P.M. and midnight. They return home where they may have snacks, listening to music, or watch television before going to bed. Elementary and middle school students have similar but somewhat less rigorous days with shorter hours and more recreational activities. The well educated person according to the curriculum and perhaps shedding further light on what is valued in Korean society is healthy, independent, creative and moral.

In conclusion both education systems have good advantages for students. I can say that choose your favourite and good one for your family budget. If I had permission from parents I would like to choose study in south korea.

THE LIST OF LITERATURE:

 $http://koreaneducentreinuk.org/en/education-in-korea/\#:\sim:text=Korea\%20has\%20a\%20single\%2Dtrack,master's\%20degrees\%20and\%20doctoral\%20degrees.$

https://youtu.be/UCvAZ-JscdE?si=niRTrGt91S4vVb1_