

MY UZBEK LANGUAGE IS THE MIRROR OF MY COUNTRY

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Annotation: *In this article, the path traveled from the day when the Uzbek language was granted the status of the State language on October 21 until today is covered in detail. The fact that the language is the mirror of the nation, and how rich the Uzbek language is, was emphasized. The President signed the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Establishing the Day of the Uzbek Language Holiday" in detail. In addition, the level of interest of foreign students in the Uzbek language was also emphasized.*

Key word: *Uzbek language, state language, status, law, foreigners, spirituality, mass media*

In 2020, news spread throughout the country that the President signed the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Establishing the Day of the Uzbek Language Holiday". This news was welcomed not only by our country, but by more than 50 million Uzbeks and lovers of our native language all over the world.

On October 21, 2019, when President Shavkat Mirziyoyev spoke passionately about the Uzbek language, everyone stood on their feet and applauded with continuous applause. Because every area of Uzbekistan, where the principles of development have been established, continues its development rapidly, the language area is in need of attention, even if there is hope that fundamental reforms will be implemented in this regard in time, on that very day the President gave such good news to his people. Many did not expect him to say. The head of the country emphasized the need to further increase the position of the Uzbek language in the life of the state and society, to improve the law "On the State Language" based on today's requirements, pointed out the urgent tasks in this regard and "Measures to fundamentally increase the prestige and status of the Uzbek language as a state language He noted that he had adopted a decree, according to which October 21 was designated as the "Uzbek language holiday" in Uzbekistan.

After that, the implementation of work in this regard continued systematically: the State Language Development Department was established in the Cabinet of Ministers, and the Terminology Commission was established on its initiative. By the decision of the Cabinet of Ministers on January 20, 2020, the position of consultant was established in all state bodies, ministries and organizations equivalent to them on the issues of improving the effectiveness of spiritual and educational work and ensuring compliance with the laws on the state language. At the meeting held on March 9, 2020, "On the issue of compliance with the requirements of the laws of the names of geographical objects, as well as various signs and advertisements on public places, streets, and on the facades of buildings, as well

as the implementation of the decision of the Cabinet of Ministers No. 34 of January 20, 2020" were focused and strict requirements were set for the implementation of measures for the development of the state language.

After all these works, the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Establishing the Day of the Uzbek Language Holiday" was signed on the birthday of our great-grandfather Abdulla Qadiri. According to him, October 21 of every year is designated as the day of the Uzbek language holiday. Now it has become a legal holiday of the people and the state, as colorful, rare and lively as the Independence Day. It was decided to celebrate it on a large scale in all regions of Uzbekistan.

It is worth calling it a true celebration of our mother tongue, a high praise of our statehood traditions.

At a time when the Uzbek language is being studied in about 60 universities and more than 100 schools of the USA, Great Britain, Germany, Russia, China, India, Turkey and other countries, how should we understand that we name our buildings in English or Russian?!

Just here, let's recall the fact given by the representatives of the UN about language: "Once upon a time, the number of languages spoken by people reached 7,000 to 8,000, but today there are 6,000 languages on our planet, and 90% of them are on the verge of extinction. These are mainly the languages of a small number of nations that are losing their culture due to civilization. Some of the people who speak these languages have writing, while others do not. For example, 80 percent of the African language-speaking population still does not have its own writing. According to linguist scientists, after another 25 years, one out of ten languages that are in use today will be preserved.

If only a little effort is made to make the Uzbek language one of those languages, the language that is considered the mirror of the Uzbek nation will disappear completely! If we give names to the constructed buildings in other languages, if we ask the employee to know Russian and English languages, knowing that the Uzbek language alone is enough for the job, we should mix the words of English and Russian languages in the family along with the Uzbek language, about the importance of the language. only if we remember on the Day of the Language Day, if we continue to show the distorted version of the Uzbek language and wrongly written words in the mass media, it will not take 25 years, but 10 years to destroy the Uzbek language.

In order to prevent this, various TV programs, roundtable discussions, commercials, animated films about the attractiveness of the state language will be shown in the mass media; (it is permissible to ensure that it is carried out continuously, not only on October 21)

After all, as our great enlightened grandfather Abdulla Avloni wrote: "The mirror of every nation's existence in the world is its language and literature. To lose the national language is to lose the soul of the nation."

We need to pay attention to the fact that honoring our language, its status as a state language, raising its position in society, and educating the young generation in the spirit of respect for the mother tongue will always be our urgent moral duty.

In order to raise the prestige of the Uzbek language at the international level, we must contribute to include it in the ranks of languages that have developed on the basis of national and universal concepts, and demand from each of us to approach our language with deep respect.

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